

COMMUNITY & ENTERPRISE OVERVIEW AND SCRUTINY COMMITTEE

Date of Meeting	Monday 18 th February 2019
Report Subject	Housing Rent Income
Cabinet Member	Deputy Leader and Cabinet Member for Housing
Report Author	Chief Officer (Housing and Assets)
Type of Report	Operational

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

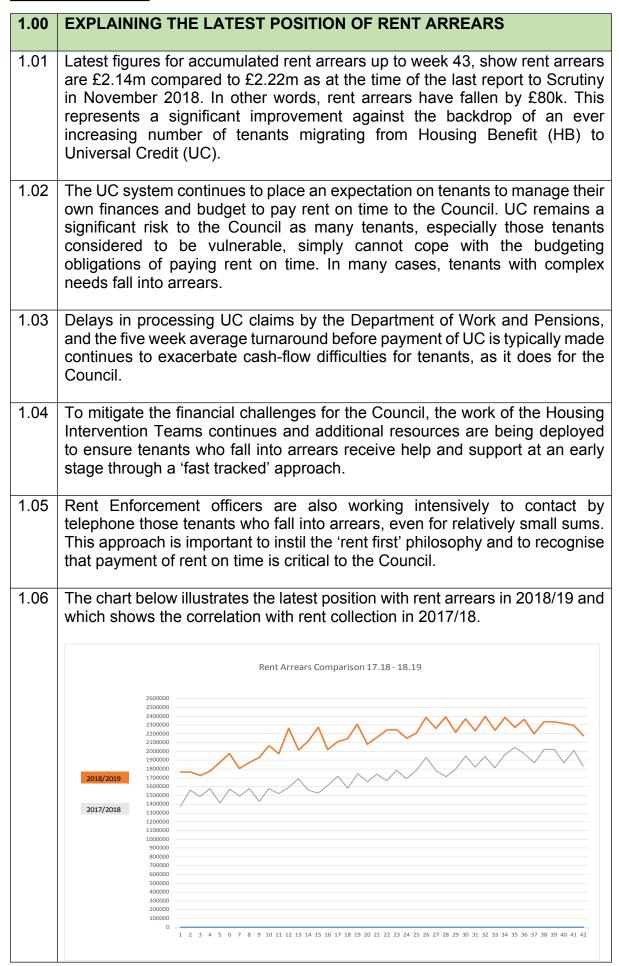
This report provides Scrutiny Members with a further operational update on the latest position for rent income collection following the recent report to Scrutiny Committee in November 2018.

Despite the ongoing challenges of increasing numbers of tenants migrating away from Housing Benefit to the Universal Credit system, the latest collection position shows that by implementing measures through increased resources, early intervention and adopting a 'rent first' approach, collection of rent is starting to stabilise with total rent arrears reducing from £2.22m to £2.14m.

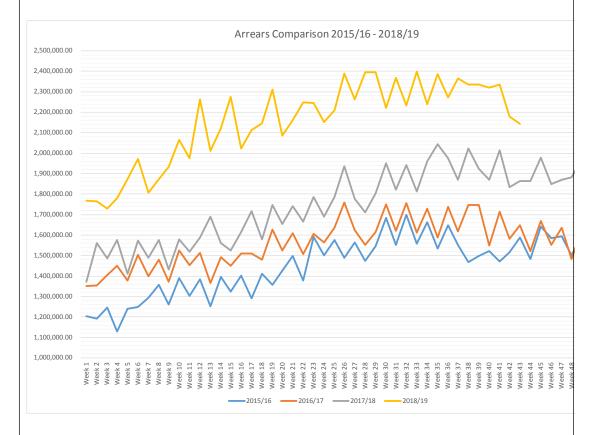
This report also sets out the latest position with the implementation of specialist housing software that will guide the future work of the Rent Enforcement service to ensure rent collection levels are maximised in an ever increasingly challenging environment for collection of rent.

RECO	MMENDATIONS
1	Note the latest financial position for rent arrears in 2018-19 which shows collection of rent is starting to stabilise.
2	Endorse the measures being taken to improve rent collection during 2019-20 through the deployment of specialised software to support a targeted approach to rent arrears recovery.

REPORT DETAILS



1.07 The last two years of UC full service rollout have been extremely challenging for the Rent Income service and the chart below plots the latest positon for rent collection. It shows the stark contrast between arrear trends reported in 2016/17 and 2017/18 when UC full service was rolled out across Flintshire.



- 1.08 Despite the unprecedented additional work generated by UC full service rollout, the Rent Income service is now stemming the increase in rent arrears and the rate with which rent arrears were increasing is slowing down significantly.
- 1.09 In response to this changing and challenging environment, as part of the Councils recovery strategy for those tenants in receipt of UC, the Council is increasingly applying to DWP for direct payments. The guidance says these arrangements can be made where a UC claimant:
 - Has at least two months' rent arrears
 - Has been evicted for rent arrears in the past year or is threatened with eviction

The DWP can decide how much to pay to landlords. This will normally be the amount of the claimants UC housing costs element, unless his or her UC is less than this because of, for example, earnings or reductions for sanctions.

- 1.10 Direct payments are typically only put in place for social and public sector landlords but the UK Government has recently announced a series of measures that will result in private sector landlords also being able to apply for direct payments for private sector tenants.
- 1.11 Latest statistics show that of the 562 Council tenants in receipt of UC, approximately 247 (equating to nearly 45%) have managed payments set up for DWP to deduct housing costs at source.

1.12 The table below shows the latest rent arrears position for those tenants in receipt of UC as opposed to those still in receipt of HB.

,,	Number of tenants	Total Arrears		Average Rent Arrears Nov 18	Variance (+/-)
Universal Credit	562	£672,933	£1,197	£1,473	-£276
Housing Benefit	2,238	£478,993	£214	£334	-£120

1.13 To ensure rent is paid on time, the Council continues to focus more closely those tenants who fail to pay and who will not engage with support services. Eviction for non-payment of rent is always used as a last resort and latest statistics show that the Rent Enforcement team have undertaken twenty seven evictions up to the of January 2019 for those tenants who will not pay or engage.

Year	Evictions for
	rent arrears
2018/19 (to date)	27
2017/18	22
2016/17	19
2015/16	22

- 1.14 To ensure Council resources are targeted to those tenants who need most help to ensure rent is paid on time, a further initiative is being implemented in Q1 of 2019/20 to improve the supporting software systems that guide the work of Rent Enforcement Officers. Feasibility work has been undertaken with a software supplier whose 'Rent Sense' solution is rapidly becoming the housing industry standard for analysing payment variations, risk and escalating which tenants to contact and when. The software uses algorithms to analyse payment patterns, highlight risk and provide predictive intelligence to support a more focused and targeted approach to rent arrears recovery work.
- 1.15 At present there are 130 social landlords using 'Rent Sense', including 41 Council's and a significant number of social landlords who have low levels of arrears are already deploying 'Rent Sense' within their organisations. Each day the software provider is processing over 1.4m records of tenancy data for the 130+ social landlords using this software.
- 1.16 An additional service to complement the implementation of 'Rent Sense' will also see the development of text messaging to tenants. The text messaging system will be configured to work with 'Rent Sense' to send rent reminders to specific tenants or even texts asking tenants to call the Rent Income service. In the digital age, texts remain one of the most effective way to communicate quickly. Studies have also shown that 99% of people will open a SMS text message and 90% will read within 3 minutes of a SMS message being

	received.
1.17	The development of this software will modernise the work in the Rent service and help the service to more intelligently focus on those tenants who are more at risk of falling into arrears, free up internal resource capacity which means that housing interventions can be put in place quickly and before arrears escalate.

2.00	RESOURCE IMPLICATIONS
2.01	The deployment of additional resources, at a cost of £130k per annum, are still required to tackle the issues of recovering unpaid rent from an increased number of tenants in receipt of UC. The cost of the additional resources is part funded by the Supporting People Fund and part funded through the HRA Business Plan.

3.00	CONSULTATIONS REQUIRED / CARRIED OUT
3.01	None.

4.00	RISK MANAGEMENT
4.01	To mitigate the risks of increasing rent arrears, losses in collection and increased bad debt impairment, the formation of the HIT team and fast tracking of cases to court, is designed to ensure financial risks to the HRA are minimised.
4.02	The deployment of specialist software in 2019/20 is also designed to increase collection levels and ensure resource capacity is focused on the cases requiring early intervention.

5.00	APPENDICES
5.01	None.

6.00	LIST OF ACCESSIE	LE BACKGROUND DOCUMENTS	
6.01	Housing (Wales) Act 2014Welfare Reform Act 2012		
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7.00	GLOSSARY OF TEI	RMS	

7.01	Universal Credit: is an integrated means-tested benefit for people of working age whose income is below a specified minimum amount. UC can be claimed by working age people in and out of employment and combines six legacy benefits for working age claimants.